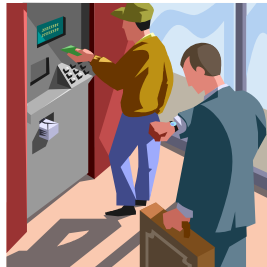


Using ATM cards Effectively and Safely

- Do not give your Personal Identification Number (PIN) to anyone.
- If anyone is waiting for their turn to use the ATM after you, stand so that the person behind you cannot see what you are doing.
- Save all receipts and record all of your transactions in your check register.
- Report a lost or stolen card immediately by calling the appropriate number at your bank.



- Be aware of your surroundings when you use an ATM, especially at night. Use ATMs only in well-lit areas.
- If you noticed anything unusual, cancel your transaction, put your card back in your pocket, go to a safe place, and call the police if you suspect dangerous or illegal activities.
- Treat your ATM card as cash.
- Do not write down your PIN on your ATM card. Keep it where you put important documents and memorize it.

Information you will need to open an Account with a Financial Institution

- My Full Name
- My Mother's Maiden Name
- My Social Security Number
- My Birthplace
- My Date of Birth
- My Full Home Address
- My Full Work Address
- My Daytime and Evening Phone Numbers

If I apply For a joint account (in addition to the above):

- My Joint Applicant's Full Name
- My Joint Applicant's Mother's Maiden Name
- My Joint Applicant's Social Security Number
- My Joint Applicant's Birthplace
- My Joint Applicant's Date of Birth
- My Joint Applicant's Full Home Address
- My Joint Applicant's Full Work Address
- My Joint Applicant's Daytime and Evening Phone Numbers

The financial institution will also ask for:

- Signatures of Both My Joint Applicant and Me
- Social Security Cards for Both My Joint Applicant and Me
- Interest-earning accounts will require a social security number. Non-interest-earning checking accounts can be opened with an I-94 document before receiving social security number.